Isolation of Human DNA from Hair

1. **LABEL** a 1.5 mL screw top microcentrifuge tube with your initials.
2. Using tweezers, **GRASP** 2-3 hair shafts at the base and **PULL** quickly. **COLLECT** at least 5 hairs that include the root and the sheath (a sticky barrel-shaped layer of cells that encircles the root end of the hair).
3. Using a clean scalpel or scissors, **TRIM** away any extra hair from the root (leave about 1 cm in length from the root). **TRANSFER** the roots to the labeled tube using forceps.
4. **CAP** the tube and **CENTRIFUGE** the sample for 10 seconds at full speed to collect the roots at the bottom of the tube.
5. **ADD** 140 µL lysis buffer to the tube. For best results, completely **IMMERSE** the follicles in the solution.
6. **CAP** the tube and **PLACE** it in a water bath float. **INCUBATE** the sample in a 55°C water bath for 15 min.
7. **MIX** the sample by vortexing or flicking the tube vigorously for 20 seconds.
8. **CENTRIFUGE** the sample for 10 seconds at full speed to collect the roots at the bottom of the tube.
9. **INCUBATE** the sample at 55°C for an additional 15 min.
10. **MOVE** the sample to a 99°C water bath. **INCUBATE** for 10 min. Be sure to use screw-cap tubes when boiling samples.
11. **MIX** the sample by vortexing or flicking the tube vigorously for 20 seconds.
12. **CENTRIFUGE** the cellular lysate for 2 min. at low speed (6000 rpm).
13. **TRANSFER** 80 µL of the supernatant to a clean, labeled microcentrifuge tube. **PLACE** tube in ice.
14. **PROCEED** to Module II: Amplification of the Mitochondrial Regions.

**OPTIONAL STOPPING POINT:**
The supernatant may be stored at -20°C for amplification at a later time.